S-1118.3		
0 11100		

## SENATE BILL 5950

\_\_\_\_\_

State of Washington 57th Legislature 2001 Regular Session

By Senators Patterson, Roach and Kline

Read first time 02/09/2001. Referred to Committee on State & Local Government.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to tax deferrals for multifamily housing within
- 2 transit corridors; and adding a new chapter to Title 84 RCW.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** It is the purpose of this chapter to stimulate the construction and rehabilitation of multifamily housing
- 6 within transit corridors to promote the goals of the growth management
- 7 act by reducing urban sprawl, encouraging transit use, and stimulating
- 8 the private sector in creating housing and economic opportunities near
- 9 transit corridors serving urban centers. To achieve these purposes,
- 10 this chapter provides for tax deferrals for eligible construction and
- 11 improvements associated with multiunit housing in transit corridors.
- 12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** Unless the context clearly requires
- 13 otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this
- 14 chapter.
- 15 (1) "City" means a city served by a public transportation system
- 16 defined in chapter 35.58 RCW or regional transit system defined in
- 17 chapter 81.112 RCW operating on a transit corridor.

p. 1 SB 5950

- 1 (2) "Governing authority" means the local legislative authority of 2 a city having jurisdiction over the property for which a deferral may 3 be applied for under this chapter.
  - (3) "Growth management act" means chapter 36.70A RCW.
  - (4) "Multiple-unit housing" means a building having four or more dwelling units not designed or used as transient accommodations and not including hotels and motels. Multifamily units may result from new construction or rehabilitated or conversion of vacant, underutilized, or substandard buildings to multifamily housing.
- 10 (5) "Owner" means the property owner of record.

4

5

6 7

8

9

- 11 (6) "Permanent residential occupancy" means multiunit housing that
  12 provides either rental or owner occupancy on a nontransient basis.
  13 This includes owner-occupied or rental accommodation that is leased for
  14 a period of at least one month. This excludes hotels and motels that
  15 predominately offer rental accommodation on a daily or weekly basis.
- 16 (7) "Rehabilitation improvements" means modifications to existing
  17 structures, that are vacant for twelve months or longer, that are made
  18 to achieve a condition of substantial compliance with existing building
  19 codes or modification to existing occupied structures which increase
  20 the number of multifamily housing units.
- 21 (8) "Residential targeted area" means an area within transit 22 corridor that has been designated by the governing authority as a 23 residential targeted area in accordance with this chapter.
- (9) "Substantial compliance" means compliance with local building or housing code requirements that are typically required for rehabilitation as opposed to new construction.
- (10) "Transit corridor" means a route of public transportation by fixed route bus, regional express bus, light rail, commuter rail, ferry, other public transit vehicle, or any combination of these connecting urban centers.
- (11) "Transit facility" means an off-street transit center, bus layover, park and ride, light rail or commuter rail station, ferry terminal, or other similar capital facility which is owned or leased by the state, a city, county, county transportation authority, metropolitan municipality, public transportation benefit area, or regional transit authority.
- 37 (12) "Urban center" has the meaning provided under RCW 84.14.010.

Sec. 3. (1) Property taxes on new housing NEW SECTION. construction, conversion, and rehabilitation improvements qualifying under this chapter are deferred for ten successive years beginning 4 January 1 of the year immediately following the calendar year of issuance of the certificate of tax deferral eligibility. However, the deferral does not include the value of land or nonhousing-related improvements not qualifying under this chapter.

1

2

3

5

6 7

31

32 33

34

35 36

37

- 8 (2) In the case of rehabilitation of existing buildings, the 9 deferral does not include the value of improvements constructed prior 10 to the submission of the application required under this chapter. The 11 incentive provided by this chapter is in addition to any other incentives, tax exemptions, tax credits, grants, or other incentives 12 13 provided by law.
- (3) This chapter does not apply to increases in assessed valuation 14 15 made by the assessor on nonqualifying portions of building and value of 16 land nor to increases made by lawful order of a county board of 17 equalization, the department of revenue, or a county, to a class of property throughout the county or specific area of the county to 18 19 achieve the uniformity of assessment or appraisal required by law.
- Sec. 4. An owner of property making application 20 NEW SECTION. 21 under this chapter must meet the following requirements:
- 22 (1) The new or rehabilitated multiple-unit housing must be located 23 in a residential targeted area as designated by the city;
- 24 (2) The multiple-unit housing must meet the guidelines as adopted 25 by the governing authority that may include height, density, public benefit features, number and size of proposed development, parking, 26 low-income or moderate-income occupancy requirements, and other adopted 27 requirements indicated necessary by the city. The required amenities 28 29 should be relative to the size of the project and tax benefit to be 30 obtained;
  - (3) The new, converted, or rehabilitated multiple-unit housing must provide for a minimum of fifty percent of the space for permanent residential occupancy. In the case of existing occupied multifamily development, the multifamily housing must also provide for a minimum of four additional multifamily units. Existing multifamily vacant housing that has been vacant for twelve months or more does not have to provide additional multifamily units;

p. 3 SB 5950

- 1 (4) New construction multifamily housing and rehabilitation 2 improvements must be completed within three years from the date of 3 approval of the application;
- 4 (5) Property proposed to be rehabilitated must be vacant at least 5 twelve months before submitting an application and fail to comply with 6 one or more standards of the applicable state or local building or 7 housing codes on or after July 23, 1995; and
- 8 (6) The applicant must enter into a contract with the city approved 9 by the governing body under which the applicant has agreed to the 10 implementation of the development on terms and conditions satisfactory 11 to the governing authority.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The following criteria must be met before an area may be designated as a residential targeted area:
- 14 (a) The area must be within a transit corridor, as determined by 15 the governing authority;
- (b) The area must lack, as determined by the governing authority, sufficient available, desirable, and convenient residential housing to meet the needs of the public who would be likely to live in the transit corridor, if the desirable, attractive, and livable places to live were available;
- (c) The providing of additional housing opportunity in the area, as determined by the governing authority, will assist in achieving one or more of the stated purposes of this chapter;
- (d) The entire area must be within one-quarter mile of a fixed route transit or regional bus stop or within one-half mile of a transit facility on a transit corridor;
- (e) The area must be zoned for multiple-unit housing at an allowed density of at least twenty dwelling units per acre. This zoning may also allow other transit supportive land uses;
- (f) The area must have or be programmed for pedestrian amenities including sidewalks connecting the multiple-unit housing to transit services; and
- 33 (g) Development in the area will likely result in increased public 34 or regional transportation ridership and decreased automobile trips.
- 35 (2) For the purpose of designating a residential targeted area or 36 areas, the governing authority may adopt a resolution of intention to 37 so designate an area as generally described in the resolution. The 38 resolution must state the time and place of a hearing to be held by the

governing authority to consider the designation of the area and may include other information pertaining to the designation of the area as the governing authority determines to be appropriate to apprise the public of the action intended.

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12

18 19

20

21

2223

24

- (3) The governing authority shall give notice of a hearing held under this chapter by publication of the notice once each week for two consecutive weeks, not less than seven days, nor more than thirty days before the date of the hearing in a paper having a general circulation in the city where the proposed residential targeted area is located. The notice must state the time, date, place, and purpose of the hearing and generally identify the area proposed to be designated as a residential targeted area.
- (4) Following the hearing, or a continuance of the hearing, the governing authority may designate all or a portion of the area described in the resolution of intent as a residential targeted area if it finds, in its sole discretion, that the criteria in subsections (1) through (3) of this section have been met.
  - (5) After designation of a residential targeted area, the governing authority shall adopt standards and guidelines to be utilized in considering applications and making the determinations required under section 7 of this act. The standards and guidelines must establish basic requirements for both new construction and rehabilitation including application process and procedures. These guidelines may include the following:
- 25 (a) Requirements that address demolition of existing structures and 26 site utilization; and
- (b) Building requirements that may include elements addressing parking, height, density, environmental impact, and compatibility with the existing surrounding property and such other amenities as will attract and keep permanent residents and that will properly enhance the livability of the residential targeted area in which they are to be located.
- 33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** An owner of property seeking tax incentives 34 under this chapter must complete the following procedures:
- 35 (1) In the case of rehabilitation or where demolition or new 36 construction is required, the owner shall secure from the governing 37 authority or duly authorized agent, before commencement of

p. 5 SB 5950

- 1 rehabilitation improvements or new construction, verification of 2 property noncompliance with applicable building and housing codes;
- 3 (2) In the case of new and rehabilitated multifamily housing, the 4 owner shall apply to the city on forms adopted by the governing 5 authority. The application must contain the following:
- 6 (a) Information setting forth the grounds supporting the requested 7 deferral including information indicated on the application form or in 8 the guidelines;
- 9 (b) A description of the project and site plan, including the floor 10 plan of units and other information requested;
- 11 (c) A statement that the applicant is aware of the potential tax 12 liability involved when the property ceases to be eligible for the 13 incentive provided under this chapter;
- 14 (3) The applicant must verify the application by oath or 15 affirmation; and
- 16 (4) The application must be accompanied by the application fee, if 17 any, required under section 9 of this act. The governing authority may 18 permit the applicant to revise an application before final action by 19 the governing authority.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The duly authorized administrative official or committee of the city may approve the application if it finds that:
- (1) A minimum of four new units are being constructed or in the case of occupied rehabilitation or conversion a minimum of four additional multifamily units are being developed;
- (2) The proposed project is or will be, at the time of completion, in conformance with all local plans and regulations that apply at the time the application is approved;
- 28 (3) The owner has complied with all standards and guidelines 29 adopted by the city under this chapter; and
- 30 (4) The site is located in a residential targeted area of a transit 31 corridor that has been designated by the governing authority in 32 accordance with procedures and guidelines indicated in section 5 of 33 this act.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** (1) The governing authority or an administrative official or commission authorized by the governing authority shall approve or deny an application filed under this chapter within ninety days after receipt of the application.

- 1 (2) If the application is approved, the city shall issue the owner 2 of the property a conditional certificate of acceptance of tax 3 deferral. The certificate must contain a statement by a duly 4 authorized administrative official of the governing authority that the 5 property has complied with the required findings indicated in section 6 of this act.
  - (3) If the application is denied by the authorized administrative official or commission authorized by the governing authority, the deciding administrative official or commission shall state in writing the reasons for denial and send the notice to the applicant at the applicant's last known address within ten days of the denial.

7

8

9

10

11

- (4) Upon denial by a duly authorized administrative official or 12 commission, an applicant may appeal the denial to the governing 13 authority within thirty days after receipt of the denial. The appeal 14 15 before the governing authority will be based upon the record made 16 before the administrative official with the burden of proof on the 17 applicant to show that there was no substantial evidence to support the administrative official's decision. The decision of the governing body 18 19 in denying or approving the application is final.
- 20 The governing authority may establish an NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. application fee. This fee may not exceed an amount determined to be 21 required to cover the cost to be incurred by the governing authority 22 23 and the assessor in administering this chapter. The application fee 24 must be paid at the time the application for deferral is filed. If the 25 application is approved, the governing authority shall pay the application fee to the county assessor for deposit in the county 26 current expense fund, after first deducting that portion of the fee 27 attributable to its own administrative costs in processing the 28 29 application. If the application is denied, the governing authority may 30 retain that portion of the application fee attributable to its own administrative costs and refund the balance to the applicant. 31
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** (1) Upon completion of rehabilitation or new construction for which an application for tax deferral under this chapter has been approved and after issuance of the certificate of occupancy, the owner shall file with the city the following:
- 36 (a) A statement of the amount of rehabilitation or construction 37 expenditures made with respect to each housing unit and the composite

p. 7 SB 5950

1 expenditures made in the rehabilitation or construction of the entire
2 property;

- 3 (b) A description of the work that has been completed and a 4 statement that the rehabilitation improvements or new construction on 5 the owner's property qualify the property for tax deferral under this 6 chapter; and
- 7 (c) A statement that the work has been completed within three years 8 of the issuance of the conditional certificate of tax deferral.
- 9 (2) Within thirty days after receipt of the statements required 10 under subsection (1) of this section, the authorized representative of 11 the city shall determine whether the work completed is consistent with 12 the application and the contract approved by the governing authority 13 and is qualified for tax deferral under this chapter. The city shall 14 also determine which specific improvements completed meet the 15 requirements and required findings.
  - (3) If the rehabilitation, conversion, or construction is completed within three years of the date the application for tax deferral is filed under this chapter, or within an authorized extension of this time limit, and the authorized representative of the city determines that improvements were constructed consistent with the application and other applicable requirements and the owner's property is qualified for tax deferral under this chapter, the city shall file the certificate of tax deferral with the county assessor within ten days of the expiration of the thirty-day period provided under subsection (2) of this section.
- 25 (4) The authorized representative of the city shall notify the 26 applicant that a certificate of tax deferral is not going to be filed 27 if the representative determines that:
- (a) The rehabilitation or new construction was not completed within three years of the application date, or within any authorized extension of the time limit;
- 31 (b) The improvements were not constructed consistent with the 32 application or other applicable requirements; or
- 33 (c) The owner's property is otherwise not qualified for tax 34 deferral under this chapter.
- 35 (5) If the authorized representative of the city finds that 36 construction or rehabilitation of multiple-unit housing was not 37 completed within the required time period due to circumstances beyond 38 the control of the owner and that the owner has been acting and could 39 reasonably be expected to act in good faith and with due diligence, the

SB 5950 p. 8

16

17

18 19

20

21

2223

24

governing authority or the city official authorized by the governing authority may extend the deadline for completion of construction or rehabilitation for a period not to exceed twenty-four consecutive months.

- (6) The governing authority may provide by ordinance for an appeal 5 of a decision by the deciding officer or authority that an owner is not 6 7 entitled to a certificate of tax deferral to the governing authority, 8 a hearing examiner, or other city officer authorized by the governing 9 authority to hear the appeal in accordance with reasonable procedures 10 and time periods as provided by ordinance of the governing authority. The owner may appeal a decision by the deciding officer or authority 11 that is not subject to local appeal or a decision by the local appeal 12 13 authority that the owner is not entitled to a certificate of tax deferral in superior court under RCW 34.05.510 through 34.05.598, if 14 15 the appeal is filed within thirty days of notification by the city to 16 the owner of the decision being challenged.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** Thirty days after the anniversary of the date of the certificate of tax deferral and each year for a period of ten years, the owner of the rehabilitated or newly constructed property shall file with a designated agent of the city an annual report indicating the following:
- (1) A statement of occupancy and vacancy of the rehabilitated or newly constructed property during the twelve months ending with the anniversary date;
- 25 (2) A certification by the owner that the property has not changed 26 use since the date of the certificate approved by the city; and
- 27 (3) A description of changes or improvements constructed after 28 issuance of the certificate of tax deferral.
- 29 NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. (1) If taxes on improvements have been deferred under this chapter, the improvements continue to be deferred 30 and not be converted to another use for at least ten years from date of 31 32 issuance of the certificate of tax deferral. If the owner intends to 33 convert the multifamily development to another use, the owner shall notify the assessor within sixty days of the change in use. If, after 34 35 a certificate of tax deferral has been filed with the county assessor the city or assessor or agent discovers that a portion of the property 36 37 is changed or will be changed to a use that is other than residential

p. 9 SB 5950

or that housing or amenities no longer meet the requirements as previously approved or agreed upon by contract between the governing authority and the owner and that the multifamily housing, or a portion of the housing, no longer qualifies for the deferral, the tax deferral must be canceled and the following must occur:

6 7

8

9

- (a) Real property tax must be immediately imposed upon the value of the nonqualifying improvements in the amount that would have been imposed each year property tax was deferred, plus a penalty must be imposed amounting to twenty percent;
- 10 (b) The tax must include interest upon the amounts of the deferred 11 tax at the same statutory rate charged on delinquent property taxes 12 from the dates on which the deferred tax could have been paid without 13 penalty if the improvements had been taxed without regard to this 14 chapter; and
- 15 (c) The deferred tax owed together with interest and penalty must become a lien on the land and attach at the time the property or 16 portion of the property is removed from multifamily use or the 17 amenities no longer meet applicable requirements, and has priority to 18 19 and must be fully paid and satisfied before a recognizance, mortgage, 20 judgment, debt, obligation, or responsibility to or with which the land may become charged or liable. The lien may be foreclosed upon 21 expiration of the same period after delinquency and in the same manner 22 provided by law for foreclosure of liens for delinquent real property 23 24 taxes. A deferred tax unpaid on its due date is delinquent. From the 25 date of delinquency until paid, interest must be charged at the same 26 rate applied by law to delinquent property taxes.
- 27 (2) Upon a determination that a tax deferral is to be canceled for a reason stated in this section, the governing authority shall notify 28 29 the record owner of the property as shown by the tax rolls by mail, 30 return receipt requested, of the determination to cancel the deferral. The owner may appeal the determination to the governing authority 31 within thirty days by filing a notice of appeal with the clerk of the 32 33 governing authority, which notice must specify the factual and legal basis on which the determination of cancellation is alleged to be 34 35 erroneous. The governing authority or a hearing examiner or other official authorized by the governing authority may hear the appeal. At 36 37 the hearing, all affected parties may be heard and all competent evidence received. After the hearing, the deciding body or officer 38 39 shall either affirm, modify, or repeal the decision of cancellation of

deferral based on the evidence received. An aggrieved party may appeal the decision of the deciding body or officer to the superior court under RCW 34.05.510 through 34.05.598.

1

2

3

- 4 (3) Upon determination by the governing authority or authorized representative to terminate a deferral, the county officials having 5 possession of the assessment and tax rolls shall correct the rolls in 6 7 the manner provided for omitted property under RCW 84.40.080. 8 county assessor shall make a valuation of the property and improvements 9 as necessary to permit the correction of the rolls. The owner may 10 appeal the valuation to the county board of equalization under chapter If there has been a failure to comply with this chapter, 11 the property must be listed as an omitted assessment for assessment 12 13 years beginning January 1 of the calendar year in which the noncompliance first occurred, but the listing as an omitted assessment 14 15 may not be for a period more than three calendar years preceding the 16 year in which the failure to comply was discovered.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. (1) The owner will begin paying the deferred taxes in the tenth year after the date the certificate of deferral was certified by the department. The first payment is due April 30th of the tenth calendar year after this certified date, with subsequent annual payments due on April 30th of the following nine years. The payments will equal ten percent of the taxes deferred for every year in which the ten-year deferral period has expired.
- 24 (2) The department may authorize an accelerated repayment schedule 25 upon request of the owner.
- (3) Interest will not be charged on any taxes deferred under this chapter for the period of the deferral, although all other penalties and interest applicable to delinquent excise taxes may be assessed and imposed for delinquent payments under this chapter. The debt for deferred taxes is not extinguished by insolvency or other failure of the owner.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

p. 11 SB 5950

- 1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** Sections 1 through 14 of this act
- 2 constitute a new chapter in Title 84 RCW.

--- END ---